





### **Safety Precautions**

- Installation, initial start-up and maintenance may only be performed by trained personnel!
- The device may only be connected to power which complies with the specifications included in the technical data and on the serial plate!
- The device must be disconnected from all sources of power during installation and maintenance work!
- The device may only be operated under the conditions specified in these operating instructions!

### **Functions Description**

The MAXIMAT LW CX compact leakage sensor is used as a leakage monitoring device for permanently installed containers used for the storage of non-flammable, water endangering liquids.

### **Applications**

The leakage sensor is only suitable for conductive liquids with a specific reactive impedance of less than  $5k\Omega$ , or a mutual capacitance to earth of greater than 50pF.

Stored liquids may not tend to precipitate insulating or conductive sediments.

### **Technical Data**

Functional principal: Capacitive high-frequency, fail-safe

Ambient temperature: -20 to +60°C

**Operating pressure:** Atmospheric, 0.8 to 1.1bar

**Terminal housing:** PBT, fibre-glass reinforced, IP65 protection per EN 60 529

**Process interface:** See order information

Supply power: 15 to 27V DC

Connected load: <1W

Cable: PVC, 5 x 0.34mm<sup>2</sup>

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### **Technical Data** (continued)

Materials: Angle bracket / tube cap: PVC

Sensor unit: PVC / PE

**Outputs:** 

Floating reed relay contact (contact opens in case of alarm)
for extra-low voltage, max. 50V AC / DC, max. 0.5A, max. 10VA
e.g. for connection to coupling relays or PLC, TC4 signalling device or CST supply power isolator

Observe protective measures for reed relay contacts (see instruction leaflet SU3101)



2-wire alarm evaluation with MAXIMAT SHR C measuring transducer

Note: Simultaneous use of both outputs is not possible.

**Input:** For external test button (connection to terminals T and C)

Test button contact closed = test alarm is triggered

Note: The function test executed with the test button does not replace the operating test specified in ZG-ÜS, section 6.2, which must be conducted for all probes on a regular basis at least once a year.

Connector cable: (for variant without terminal housing only): shielded PVC cable, 5 x 0.34mm<sup>2</sup>

#### Indication:

LED (green) on the connector PCB (for variant with terminal housing only):

Run: LED illuminatedAlarm/error: LED off

### Measuring circuit cable length:

Max. 300m, min. wire cross-section: 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>

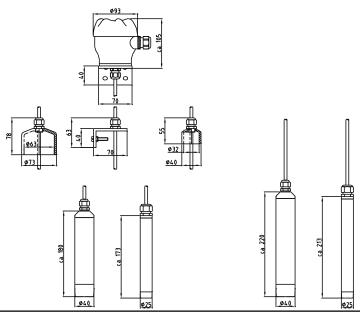
### **CE Mark**

In accordance with low-voltage directive RL 2006/95/EC and EMC directive 2004/108/EC

### **DIBT Approval**

Approval no. **Z-65.40-496** for overfill inhibitors and leakage sensors in accordance with WHG §19 The accompanying "General Building Supervisory Approval no. **Z-65.40-496**" is an integral part of the operating instructions and all stipulations contained therein must be adhered to!

### **Dimensions**







### Installation:

The leakage sensor's probe is suspended such that it hangs into the catch basin of the storage tank to be monitored. The probe may make contact with the outside wall of the catch basin, or may stand on its floor. The cable must be secured such that the probe is always positioned vertically. When installed in a free-hanging fashion, it must be assured that the connector cable is only pulled far enough through the adjuster fitting to allow for a maximum clearance of 40mm between the probe and the catch basin floor, so that the leakage alarm is triggered at a maximum fill-level of 50mm.

If the MAXIMAT LW CX ... 0 variant without terminal housing is used, other suitable mounting components must be utilised in an appropriate fashion.

The leakage sensor must be secured against shifting, swaying and floating up. The mounting components must be resistant to the media.

#### Attention!

In the event of a leak, the sensor must be removed from the medium immediately.

It must be effectively cleaned (rinsed), and may not be reinstalled to the dry catch basin until after it has been subjected to a complete function test.

Continuous immersion is impermissible, because the cable may otherwise be destroyed and moisture may penetrate the sensor.

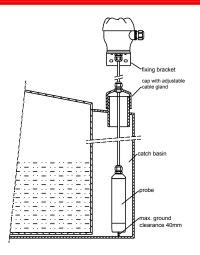
Note: Check the lid seal for damage and correct seating!

#### **Materials**

In the event of a tank leak, the leakage sensor comes into contact with the stored liquid, or vapours and condensate resulting therefrom. For this reason, leakage sensor materials must be selected which are adequately resistant to the liquid to be monitored.

Component	Material
Sensor and sensor tube	PVC, PE
Terminal housing / housing	PBT
Mounting components	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) or PE (polyethylene)
Cable gland	PA (polyamide)
Cable gland seal	Perbunan / EPDM
Connector cable	PVC

### Settings

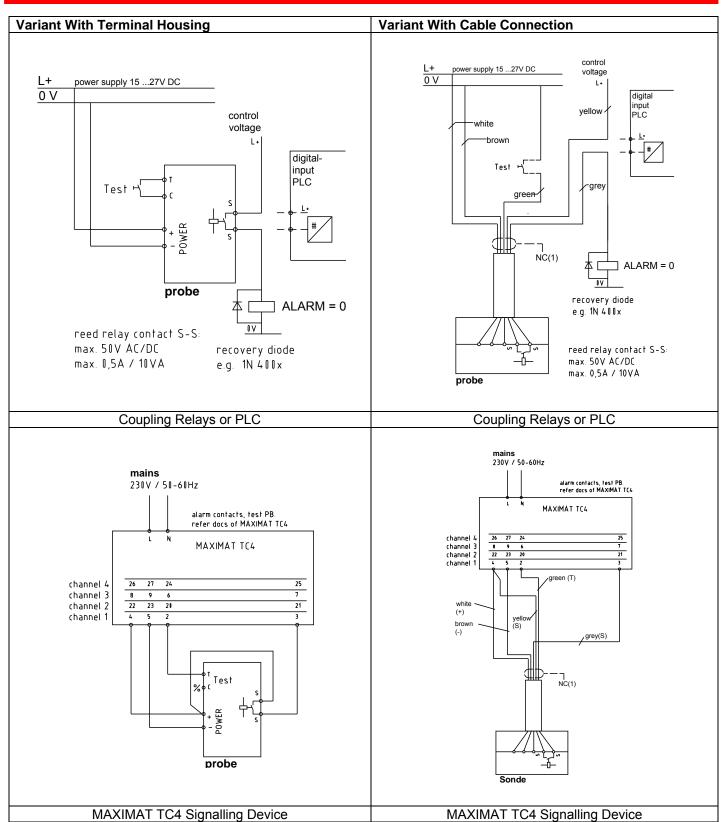


### Installation Example: Storage Tank Leakage Sensor

The leakage probes are installed inside catch basins. If the bottom of the probe contacts the floor of the catch basin, the alarm signal is triggered when the liquid reaches a fill-level of approximately 6mm. For applications involving storage tank catch basins, the probe must be installed such that the alarm signal is generated at a fill-level of 50mm or less.



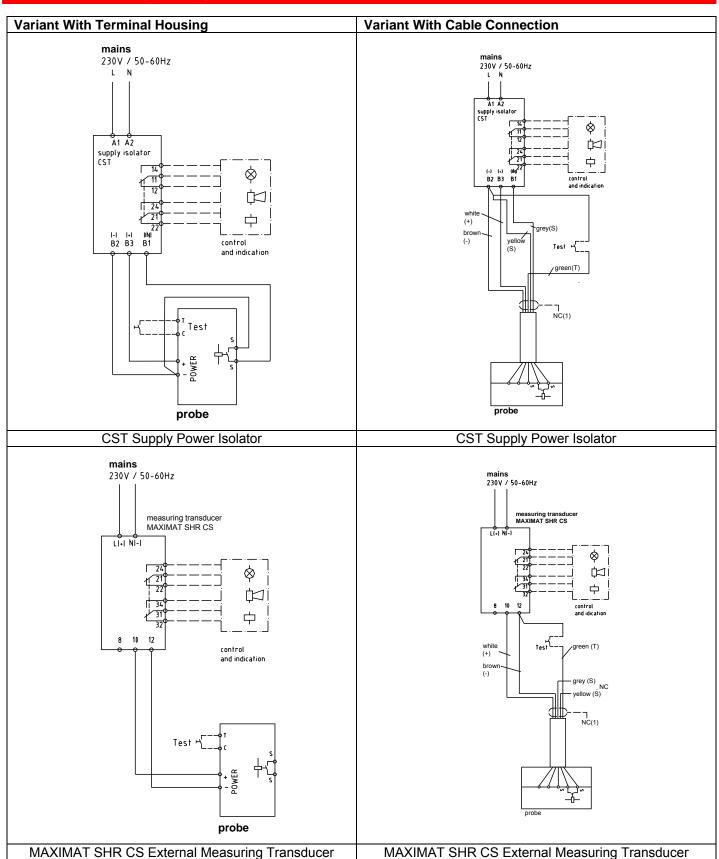
### **Electrical Connection**



(1) The cable shielding only needs to be connected to operational earth with minimal interference voltage if increased EMC interference can be expected.



### **Electrical Connected** (continued)



(1) The cable shielding only needs to be connected to operational earth with minimal interference voltage if increased EMC interference can be expected.